Office of Professional Responsibility

Jefferson County Jail

Inspection 2026-006-136

June 30, 2026

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

INSPECTION
of the
JEFFERSON COUNTY JAIL
Rigby, Idaho

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FACILITY OVERVIEW

The U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Office of Professional Responsibility (OPR) Office of Detention Oversight (ODO) conducted an inspection of the Jefferson County Jail (JCJ) in Rigby, Idaho, from June 3 to July 2, 2026, which included a 1-day on site visit on June 30, 2026..[1] The facility opened in 2007 and is owned and operated by Jefferson County. The ICE Office of Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO) began housing detainees at JCJ in 2000 under the oversight of ERO's Field Office Director in Salt Lake City (ERO Salt Lake City). The facility is a non-dedicated ICE detention facility and operates under ICE National Detention Standards (NDS) 2019.

ERO deportation officers are not assigned full-time to the facility but conduct weekly scheduled visits on Wednesdays, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. A captain handles daily facility operations and manages [redacted] support personnel. Jefferson County Jail provides food services, Ivy Correctional Medicine provides medical care, and Keefe Commissary Network provides commissary services at the facility. In January 2023, JCJ was audited for the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) and was found DHS PREA compliant.

Capacity and Population Statistics	Quantity
ICE Bed Capacity.[2]	[redacted]
Average ICE Population.[3]	[redacted]
Adult Male Population (as of June 30, 2026)	[redacted]
Adult Female Population (as of June 30, 2026)	[redacted]

During its last inspection in Fiscal Year (FY) 2024,.[4] ODO found 27 deficiencies in the following areas: Environmental Health and Safety (13), Food Service (10), Hunger Strikes (1), Sexual Abuse and Assault Prevention and Intervention (2), and Significant Self-Harm and Suicide Prevention and Intervention (1).

[1] This facility holds male and female detainees with low, medium-low, medium-high, and high security classification levels for periods greater than 72 hours.
[2] Data Source: ERO Custody Management Division Authorized Facility List as of July 2, 2026.
[3] *Ibid.*
[4] ODO inspects non-dedicated facilities every other year.

INSPECTION PROCESS

ODO conducts the following annual and biennial oversight inspections of ICE detention facilities to assess and rate each facility's compliance with their contractually obligated detention standards as noted in the Facility Overview section above.

- Dedicated facility: ODO conducts annual on-site inspections of dedicated inter-governmental service agreement (IGSA) facilities, contract detention facilities (CDF), family residential centers, and service processing centers.

- Non-dedicated IGSA facility:
  - For facilities with an average daily population (ADP) of 50 or more, ODO conducts biennial on-site inspections.
  - For facilities with an ADP of 50 or less,
    - If the facility has not previously had a rated ODO inspection, then ODO conducts an initial on-site inspection, and
    - If the facility has had an ODO inspection, then the facility completes a biennial ODO-assisted self-inspection process (OASIP).

- U.S. Marshals Service (USMS): USMS CDF and intergovernmental agreement facilities complete biennial OASIPs.

In FY 2025, ODO implemented OASIPs, which replaced the annual Special Review inspections ODO conducted at most low ADP and/or short-term use facilities. This new inspection framework is more reflective of the actual operation demand of facilities with a low ADP and/or short-term use. OASIP inspections focus on facility compliance with detention standard requirements that directly affect detainee life, health, safety, and/or well-being. Facilities have 30 calendar days to complete the OASIP inspection and ODO staff will go on-site for 1 day towards the end of the 30-day inspection window to observe facility conditions, interview ICE detainees, and spot-check the facility's reported findings.[5]

ODO defines a "deficiency" as any violation of detention standards, policies, or operational procedures, as applicable. ODO highlights instances when the facility resolves deficiencies prior to the completion of the ODO inspection as corrective actions. Where applicable, these corrective actions are annotated with a "C" in the *Inspection Findings* section of the report.

Upon completion of each inspection, ODO conducts a closeout briefing with facility and local ERO officials to discuss preliminary findings. ODO shares a summary of these findings with ERO management officials. Thereafter, ODO provides ICE leadership with a final report to: (i) assist ERO in developing and initiating a uniform corrective action plan (UCAP); and (ii) provide senior executives with an independent assessment of facility operations. ODO's findings inform ICE executive management in its decision-making to better allocate resources across the agency's entire detention inventory.

[5] When ODO conducts on-site inspections for non-OASIP facilities, the facility is notified 4 weeks before the inspection and ODO is on-site for 2-3 business days conducting the inspection.

FINDINGS BY NATIONAL DETENTION STANDARDS 2019 MAJOR CATEGORIES

NDS 2019 Standards Inspected[6]	Deficiencies
Part 1 - Safety	
Environmental Health and Safety	0
Sub-Total	**0**
Part 2 - Security	
Admission and Release	0
Custody Classification System	0
Use of Force and Restraints	0
Staff-Detainee Communication	0
Sexual Abuse and Assault Prevention and Intervention	0
Sub-Total	**0**
Part 4 - Care	
Food Service	0
Medical Care	0
Personal Hygiene	0
Sub-Total	**0**
Part 6 - Justice	
Grievance System	0
Sub-Total	**0**
Total Deficiencies	**0**

[6] For greater detail on ODO's findings, see the *Inspection Findings* section of this report.

DETAINEE RELATIONS

ODO interviewed one detainee, who voluntarily agreed to participate. The detainees did not make allegations of discrimination, mistreatment, or abuse. The detainee reported satisfaction with facility services.

INSPECTION FINDINGS

ODO found no deficiencies during this inspection.

CONCLUSION

During this inspection, ODO assessed the facility's compliance with 10 standards under NDS 2019 and found the facility in compliance with all 10 of those standards. Since JCJ's last inspection in July 2024, the facility's compliance with NDS 2019 has trended upward. JCJ went from five deficient standards and 27 deficiencies in July 2024 to no deficiencies in 10 standards during this recent inspection. ODO received JCJ's completed UCAP for its last inspection in July 2024, which likely resolved previous deficiencies ODO cited. ODO recommends ERO Salt Lake City continue to work with the facility in accordance with contractual obligations.

Inspection Results Compared	FY 2024 NDS 2019	FY 2026 NDS 2019
Standards Reviewed	10	10
Deficient Standards	5	0
Overall Number of Deficiencies	27	0
Priority Component Deficiencies	2	0
Repeat Deficiencies	0	0
Areas Of Concern	0	0
Corrective Actions	0	0
Facility Rating	Failure	Superior

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